More than #MotivationMonday: How to Motivate Your Team Every Day

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Who Am I and How Did I Get Here?



The First Question

► Why do you work?

The Second Question

► Why do you work HARD?

Key Workplace Attitudes

- Motivation: The willingness to work hard.
- Satisfaction: Affective condition regarding an employee's feelings toward the job.
- Commitment: Desire to stay with the organization.
- ▶ **Citizenship**: Engagement in interpersonal "above-and-beyond" activities that improve the efficiency and effectiveness of others and of the organization.

Motivation

- ▶ Think of someone you supervise whom you think of as highly motivated.
 - ► How do you know?
 - What does that employee do?

You Can See Motivation

- **Direction**: The choice among alternatives
- Persistence: How long the effort is maintained
- ► Continuing Motivation: Returning to the task
- Intensity: How focused the effort
- Performance: How well the task is performed



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The Wake-Up Test



https://tinyurl.com/y3ompp6w

Everyone Is Different (McClelland)

- Affiliation
- Task orientation
- Power



Find a Good Match



https://www.zazzle.com/s/avocado+we+go+together+mugs

People Aren't Easy

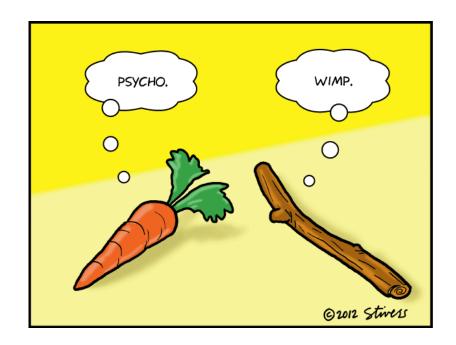
What challenges do you face when trying to motivate your team?

Examples

What are some ways you think that supervisors or organizations can motivate team members?

Workplace Factors Affecting Motivation (Herzberg)

- Two basic components
 - Hygiene Factors
 - Motivators



Hygiene Factors

- Sources of DISSATISFACTION
 - Policies
 - Security
 - Supervision
 - Working conditions
 - Pay (level and range, rules, comparison)

Motivators

- Variety and Challenge
 - Set goals that are specific, difficult, and challenging
- Opportunities for Advancement
 - Rising up the pyramid vs. developing and recognizing mastery
- Recognition
 - ► The "rewards" of work
- Opportunities for Growth
 - ► Horizontal vs. vertical job expansion

Motivators

Responsibility/Autonomy

- Task identity: completing a task from beginning to end
- Task significance: task has a significant impact on others
- Task interdependence: Others rely on the task being completed
- Task variety: variations in tasks (NOT fragmentation)

The Work Itself

- Make goals and values clear
- Make tasks interesting
- Orient and train
- Create challenging goals
- Create opportunities to build social bonds

Rewards – Extrinsic and Intrinsic

- Rewards external to the job itself.
- Extrinsic Rewards
 - Pay, benefits, bonuses
 - ▶ The chance to develop relationships with other staff and supervisors
 - Opportunities to move up
 - Job security

Extrinsic and Intrinsic Rewards

- Rewards related to the job itself: "My job is rewarding."
- The job is:
 - Personally fulfilling
 - Challenging
 - Gives people a sense of felt responsibility
 - Feedback and recognition are provided
 - Offers variety and opportunities for creativity
 - Makes use of an individual's strengths

Rewards as Motivators?

- Focus is on the future, not the past
- Reward can be for more than job tasks, e.g., competence building
- Reward is based on clear expectation that increased performance actually leads to increased rewards.
- Rewards are perceived as fair.

Motivation Can Change Over Time

- Stage One: Pre-Entry
 - Includes recruitment, application process, interview and decision process.
- Stage Two: Initiation/Onboarding
 - Includes early experiences, orientation, interesting work, felt responsibility, social bonds.
- Stage Three: Career Development
 - Includes opportunities for growth, advancement, professional development, respect, salary, recognition of mastery
- What are you doing to ensure motivation at each career stage?

Stage Four: The Plateau

Entrenchment

▶ Includes close friendships, social networks, retirement issues, mentor-mentee

relationships.



Plateaus

- Types of plateaus
 - Structural: lack of positions in the organizational pyramid
 - ▶ Content: Employee has mastered the job content and is bored.



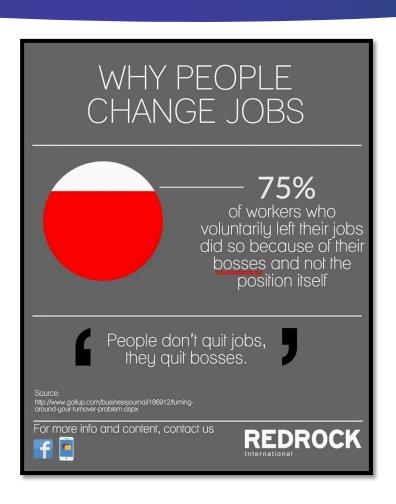
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Plateau-tivation

- Cross training and job rotation
- Increased participation in decisionmaking
- Reduce focus on promotion as the key reward
- Allow employees to serve as mentors

- Increase attendance at conferences and workshops
- Enrich or redesign jobs
- Stress management training
- Ask employees what they would like to do

Supervisors



Wrapping Up

- What is one thing you will do differently after this webinar? Or
- What is something new you learned today?

You Can Do It!

I am a tiny potato
And I believe in you

YOU CAN DO THE THING

Questions?

Contact Me

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